

CHM 106
Quiz I

The reaction $2 \text{NO} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{NOCl}$ was studied at -10°C . The following results were obtained:

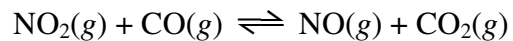
<u>[NO] (mol / L)</u>	<u>[Cl₂] (mol / L)</u>	<u>Rate (mol / L · min)</u>
0.10	0.10	0.18
0.10	0.20	0.36
0.20	0.20	1.45

a) What is the rate law for this reaction?

b) What is the value of the rate constant?

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Quiz II

Nitrogen dioxide reacts with carbon monoxide in an equilibrium to form nitrogen oxide and carbon dioxide:



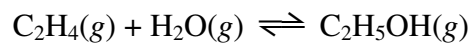
For this reaction under a particular set of conditions, a plot of $1 / [\text{NO}_2]$ vs. time was linear with a slope of 0.0287.

1. If a flask starts with 0.0050 M NO_2 , How long does it take for 90% of the NO_2 to be consumed?

2. How long does it take for 100% of the NO_2 to be consumed? Explain.

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Quiz III

Ethene and water are in equilibrium with ethanol in the gas phase:



At 400 K, the equilibrium constant for this reaction is $K_p = 0.254$. If a reaction vessel is charged with 5.0 atm of $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4(g)$ and 5.0 atm of $\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)$, what are the partial pressures of all species at equilibrium?

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Quiz IV

Benzoic acid ($\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COOH}$) has a $K_a = 9.46 \times 10^{-5}$. What is the pH of a 0.25 M benzoic acid solution?

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Quiz V

Phenol (HOC_6H_5) has a $K_a = 1.00 \times 10^{-10}$. What is the pH of a 0.20 M solution of sodium phenoxide (NaOC_6H_5)?

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Quiz VI

Hydrofluoric acid has a $K_a = 6.31 \times 10^{-4}$. What is the pH of a solution that is 2.0 M in hydrofluoric acid and 5.0 M in potassium fluoride?

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Quiz VII

A 10.00 mL aliquot of 0.150 M acetic acid ($K_a = 1.75 \times 10^{-5}$) is titrated with standard 0.0950 M NaOH.

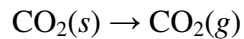
1. What volume of base must be added in order to reach the equivalence point?

2. What is the pH at the equivalence point?

3. Of the indicators methyl red ($pK_a = 4.95$), bromothymol blue ($pK_a = 7.1$), and phenolphthalein ($pK_a = 9.4$), which is most appropriate for this titration? Explain.

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Quiz VIII

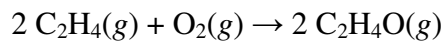
Consider the sublimation of carbon dioxide, which occurs at $-78.4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$:



1. For this process, is ΔS_{system} positive or negative? Explain.
2. This process requires 25.23 kJ of energy as heat per mol of CO_2 . Is $\Delta S_{\text{surroundings}}$ positive or negative? Explain.
3. In order for this process to be spontaneous, what must the sum of ΔS_{system} and $\Delta S_{\text{surroundings}}$ be?
4. What is ΔS° for this process? Be sure to include units in your answer.

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Quiz IX

Ethylene reacts with oxygen to form ethylene oxide:



Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ / mol)	S° (J / mol · K)
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4(g)$	52.5	219.6
$\text{O}_2(g)$	0	205.2
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}(g)$	-52.6	242.5

- a) What is the value for ΔH° for this reaction?
- b) What is the value for ΔS° for this reaction?
- c) This reaction is run at 700 °C. Assuming that ΔH° and ΔS° do not depend on temperature, what is ΔG° for this reaction?
- d) What is the value of the equilibrium constant at 700 °C?
- e) Are the high temperatures for this reaction necessary for thermodynamic or kinetic reasons?

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Quiz XI

Francium is one of the rarest naturally occurring elements due to its instability and short half-life.

1. Francium-223 undergoes alpha decay. Write a balanced nuclear equation for this process.

2. The half-life for this process is 22 minutes. How long does it take for 99.9% of a sample of Francium-223 to decay?

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Quiz XII

Write balanced equations that show the reaction of sodium metal with:

1. Water

2. Phosphorus

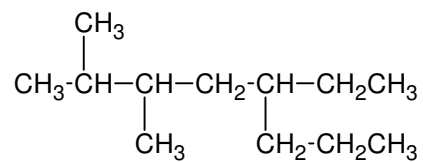
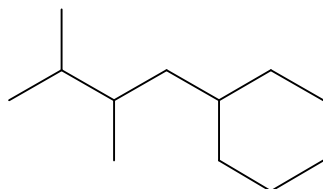
3. Bromine

4. Hydrogen gas

5. Oxygen gas (to form the peroxide)

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Quiz XIII

1. Provide an unambiguous, systematic name for the following molecule, shown as both a line-angle drawing and a structural formula.



2. Draw the structure of the molecule 2,2,4-trimethylpentane.

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Quiz XIV

For each problem, draw the structure and provide an unambiguous, systematic name for a compound containing the named functional group with *exactly* four carbon atoms.

1. Aldehyde

2. Alkyne

3. Alcohol

4. Ester

5. Ether